ASSIGNMENT 13

Textbook Assignment: "Printers," chapter 12, pages 12-1 through 12-15; and "Data Conversion Devices and Switchboards," chapter 13, pages 13-1 through 13-5.

- 13-1. Printers that use pins or hammers to strike an inked ribbon to transfer characters to paper are classified as which of the following types?
 - 1. Impact printers
 - 2. Nonimpact printers
 - 3. Thermal printers
 - 4. Laser printers
- 13-2. A predefine table of characters that can be printed by a printer is known as the
 - 1. print head
 - 2. character set
 - 3. printer code
 - 4. character library
- 13-3. The 8-bit printer codes that define the alphanumeric characters of the standard English alphabet are contained in which of the following character sets?
 - 1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI) character set
 - 2. Computer Institute character set
 - 3. Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) standard character set
 - 4. American National Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) character set
- 13-4. Standard printer character codes contain a total of how many data bits?
 - 1. Five
 - 2. Six
 - 3. Seven
 - 4. Eight

- 13-5. The ASCII decimal value 66 represents which of the following characters?
 - 1. A
 - 2. a
 - 3. B
 - 4. b
- 13-6. The ASCII decimal values 128 through 255 are used for which, if any, of the following functions?
 - 1. Alternate character set
 - 2. Control codes
 - 3. Lowercase letters of the main character s e t
 - 4. None of the above; they are undefined and have no meaning
- 13-7. The type of characters that a printer can print is dependent on which of the following factors?
 - 1. The type of printer only
 - 2. The software only
 - 3. The type of printer and the software
 - 4. The type of computer
- 13-8. A printer driver is a software routine that performs which of the following functions?
 - 1. Defines the printer capabilities to the software
 - 2. Defines the character set to the printer
 - 3. Defines the graphics capability of the printer
 - 4. All of the above

- 13-9. A separate printer driver is required for each type of printer that a software program will support.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 13-10. The original ASCII codes contained what total number of control codes?
 - 1. 16
 - 2. 32
 - 3. 48
 - 4. 54
- 13-11. Which of the following ASCII codes (in decimal) will result in the printer performing a carriage return?
 - 1. 10
 - 2. 12
 - 3. 13
 - 4. 27
- 13-12. The ASCII ESCAPE code (27) when combined with other characters and sent to a printer is used for which of the following functions?
 - 1. To tell the printer to start printing
 - 2. To initiate enhanced features of many printers
 - 3. To stop all printer operations
 - 4. To change the printer driver of the software
- 13-13. Printing each letter or character on a line based on the character's actual size is known as which of the following printer spacing methods?
 - 1. Proportional spacing
 - 2. Prearranged spacing
 - 3. Relative spacing
 - 4. Fixed spacing

- 13-14. A font describes which of the following characteristics of the type?
 - 1. Style of the typeface only
 - 2. Size of the typeface only
 - 3. Both the style and size of the typeface
 - 4. All the characters a printer is capable of printing
- 13-15. The printer measure that is equal to 1/72 inch is known by what term?
 - 1. Elite
 - 2. Pica
 - 3. Pitch
 - 4. Point
- 13-16. Which of the following print modes is used to print text across the length of a standard size sheet of paper?
 - 1. Landscape mode
 - 2. Portrait mode
 - 3. Picture mode
 - 4. Graphics mode
- 13-17. Which of the following is the most widely used serial interface between a personal computer and a printer?
 - 1. EIA interface
 - 2. Centronics® interface
 - 3. RS-232 interface
 - 4. RS-323 interface
- 13-18. Parallel-to-serial data conversion for use in serial interfaces of personal computers is accomplished by which of the following circuits?
 - 1. RS-232 interface
 - 2. Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter (UART)
 - 3. Centronics interface
 - 4. Serial converter

- 13-19. In a serial interface that uses software handshaking, what minimum number of pins must be connected?
 - 1. Five
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Three
 - 4. Four
- 13-20. The Centronics parallel interface uses what (a) connector at the computer end of the cable and what (b) connector at the printer end of the cable?
 - 1. (a) 36-pin Centronics
 - (b) 36-pin Centronics
 - 2. (a) 36-pin Centronics
 - (b) DB-25 subminiature
 - 3. (a) DB-25 subminiature
 - (b) DB-25 subminiature
 - 4. (a) DB-25 subminiature
 - (b) 36-pin Centronics
- 13-21. The Centronics parallel interface is which of the following types of interface between the computer and the printer?
 - 1. 8-bit, one-way
 - 2. 8-bit, two-way
 - 3. 16-bit, one-way
 - 4. 16-bit, two-way
- 13-22. Which of the following is NOT a function of the control panel on a printer?
 - 1. Activating the print head
 - 2. Providing operator selectable fonts
 - 3. Initiating the self-test function
 - 4. Controlling whether the printer is online or offline

- 13-23. Continuous paper with perforated holes on each side is designed to be used with which of the following paper-feed methods?
 - 1. Friction feed
 - 2. Tractor feed
 - 3. Sheet feeder
 - 4. Pressure feed
- 13-24. The paper-feed motor in a tractor-feed printer is usually which of the following types of motors?
 - 1. Stepper
 - 2. Synchro
 - 3. Servo
 - 4. Reduction
- 13-25. Which of the following paper-feed methods uses one or more pressure rollers to move paper through the printer?
 - 1. Tractor feed
 - 2. Friction feed
 - 3. Sheet feeder
 - 4. Both 2 and 3 above
- 13-26. Which of the follow lists includes only impact printers?
 - 1. Chain, band, and laser
 - 2. Drum, dot matrix, and inkjet
 - 3. Inkjet, laser, and daisy wheel
 - 4. Chain, band, drum, dot matrix, and daisy wheel
- 13-27. The maximum number of characters that a drum printer can print on one line is determined by which of the following factors?
 - 1. The type of software being used
 - 2. The number of rows on the drum
 - 3. The number of columns on the drum
 - 4. The type of computer being used

- 13-28. A drum printer has which of the following number of hammers?
 - 1. One for each column on the drum
 - 2. One for each line the printer is capable of printing
 - 3. One for each letter of the alphabet and seven for special characters
 - 4. Two for each letter of the alphabet (one for uppercase and one for lowercase) and seven for special characters
- 13-29. The quality of print produced by a dot matrix printer is directly related to which of the following factors?
 - 1. The number of print wires in the print head
 - 2. The number of characters being printed
 - 3. The size of the print head
 - 4. The type of font being printed
- 13-30. The print wires in a dot matrix print head are driven by which of the following devices?
 - 1. A relay
 - 2. One solenoid that drives all the print wires
 - 3. An individual solenoid for each print wire
 - 4. A hi-stable multivibrator
- 13-31. A dot matrix print head is mounted on a heat sink for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. To dissipate heat generated by the moving print wires
 - 2. To dissipate heat generated by the solenoid drivers
 - 3. To dissipate heat generated by the printer's power supply
 - 4. To heat up the print wires to the proper operating temperature

- 13-32. A nine-pin dot matrix print head prints in near letter quality mode by making two passes for each line, advancing the paper which of the following distances before the second pass?
 - 1. One-half line
 - 2. One-half letter space
 - 3. One-half dot space
 - 4. One dot space
- 13-33. A 24-pin print head prints near letter quality faster and with greater resolution than a 9-pin print head for which of the following reasons?
 - 1. It prints two characters at a time
 - 2. It prints larger dots
 - 3. It prints more dots per character only
 - 4. It has two columns of offset print wires and prints smaller dots
- 13-34. The print head of a dot matrix printer is moved across the length of the platen by a wire, belt, or chain that is connected to which of the following devices?
 - 1. Paper motor
 - 2. Platen motor
 - 3. Print head motor
 - 4. Carriage motor
- 13-35. The daisy wheel printer has which of the following advantages over the dot matrix printer?
 - 1. It prints letter quality
 - 2. It can print carbon copies
 - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
 - 4. It prints faster than a dot matrix printer
- 13-36. The laser printer is what type of printer?
 - 1. Electrostatic
 - 2. Electrosensitive
 - 3. Electrothermal
 - 4. Impact

- 13-37. Laser printers are classified as which of the following class of printer?
 - 1. Character printer
 - 2. Line printer
 - 3. Daisy printer
 - 4. Page printer
- 13-38. The photosensitive aluminum cylinder in a laser printer is the
 - 1. primary corona
 - 2. laser source
 - 3. toner drum
 - 4. print drum
- 13-39. The laser diode generates a single wavelength light in bursts of one millionth of a second or less.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False
- 13-40. The erase lamps have which of the following effects on the print drum?
 - 1. They apply a positive charge to the drum
 - 2. They apply a negative charge to the drum
 - 3. They neutralize any charge on the drum
 - 4. They neutralize any toner on the drum
- 13-41. During a laser printer's print cycle, a charge of -600V is applied to the print drum by which of the following devices?
 - 1. Erase lamps
 - 2. Primary corona wire
 - 3. Secondary corona wire
 - 4. Laser beam

- 13-42. The laser beam's horizontal scan across the drum is developed by which of the following devices?
 - 1. Rotating hexagon mirror
 - 2. Laser diode carriage motor
 - 3. Laser beam lens assembly
 - 4. Laser beam shutter
- 13-43. What effect, if any, does the laser beam striking the print drum have on the print drum?
 - 1. The area of the print drum becomes positively charged
 - 2. The area of the print drum becomes negatively charged
 - 3. Any charge on the print drum becomes neutralized
 - 4. None; the laser beam has no effect on the print drum
- 13-44. The toner used in a laser printer consists of a fine powder containing metal, dyes, and
 - 1. ink
 - 2. sand
 - 3. glass
 - 4. plastic
- 13-45. As the print drum rotates past the toner reservoir, which of the following events occurs?
 - 1. The excess toner on the drum is deposited into the reservoir
 - 2. The toner is attracted to the positively charged areas of the drum
 - 3. The toner is attracted to the negatively charged areas of the drum
 - 4. The toner coats the entire drum

- 13-46. The transfer corona is used for which of the following functions?
 - 1. It charges the toner to enable the toner to be transferred from the reservoir to the drum
 - 2. It charges the drum to enable the toner to be transferred from the reservoir to the drum
 - 3. It charges the drum to enable the transfer of toner from the drum to the paper
 - 4. It charges the paper to enable the transfer of toner from the drum to the paper
- 13-47. The toner is permanently bonded to the paper by which of the following means?
 - 1. The registration rollers apply pressure to the paper
 - 2. The fusing rollers apply heat and pressure to the paper
 - 3. The transfer corona applies heat to the paper
 - 4. The primary corona applies heat to the paper
- 13-48. A laser printer that produces a printout with blotches evenly spaced every 1.75 inches is probably caused by a defect in which of the following components?
 - 1. Upper registration roller
 - 2. Lower registration roller
 - 3. Transfer roller
 - 4. Lower fusing roller
- 13-49. A laser printer with a scratched print drum can be repaired by performing which of the following actions?
 - 1. Remove the print drum and polish the scratch out
 - 2. Replace the print drum only
 - 3. Replace the cartridge
 - 4. Replace the laser diode

- 13-50. To print a font using a Hewlett-Packard or compatible laser printer, the font definition bit map provides the printer with which of the following information?
 - 1. Whereto place the dots to print the characters
 - 2. Whereon the page the character is to be printed
 - 3. Whereon a line the character is to printed
 - 4. Whereon the page to print graphic pictures only
- 13-51. Soft fonts are font bit maps that are handled in which of the following ways?
 - 1. They are loaded into the computer's memory and transferred to the printer when needed
 - 2. They are resident in the printer's ROM
 - 3. They are contained in ROM cartridges that plug into the computer
 - 4. They are contained in RAM cartridges that plug into the printer
- 13-52. PostScript® printers are capable of printing a typeface in different sizes by using which of the following methods?
 - 1. A different bit map for each size of character to be printed
 - 2. A mathematical definition for each typeface and mathematically scaling the characters to the desired size
 - 3. A mathematical definition for each size character
 - 4. A bit map for one typeface that is mathematically scaled to change the size
- 13-53. Electrothermal printers use the heat of wires or pins to burn images onto plain paper.
 - 1. True
 - 2. False

- 13-54. Ink jet printers form images on the paper by which of the following methods?
 - 1. Spraying ink on the paper through a stencil to form the character
 - 2. Spraying ink on the paper with the print head moving to form each character
 - 3. Spraying ink on the paper in a series of dots to form the characters similar to a dot matrix printer
 - 4. Electrostatically charging the paper to attract the ink to the proper position to form the character
- 13-55. The ink in an ink jet printer is sprayed onto the paper by which of the following methods?
 - 1. By using a pneumatic pump
 - 2. By using piezoelectric crystals to squeeze a nozzle tube
 - 3. By using small heaters to expand an air bubble and force the ink out of the nozzle
 - 4. Either 2 or 3 above, depending on the printer
- 13-56. An analog signal has which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. It varies continuously with time
 - 2. Each bit position represents a portion of the overall quantity
 - 3. The codes of ONES and ZEROS indicate a value at a particular instant of time
 - 4. The summation of the set bits is normally the quantity to be represented

- 13-57. Analog signals representing analog quantities and binary numbers representing digital quantities have which of the following characteristics in common?
 - 1. They both vary continuously with time
 - 2. They both can express an infinitely large quantity
 - 3. They both express values As a summation of set bits
 - 4. They both express values within a given set of limits

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 13-58 THROUGH 13-60, REFER TO FIGURE 13-1 ON PAGE 13-2 OF THE TEXT.

- 13-58. To indicate a range of values of 10 miles, what would the amplitude of the analog signal be in volts peak to peak?
 - 1. 7
 - 2. 11
 - 3. 12
 - 4. 20
- 13-59. What would the digital quantity bit pattern contain to indicate a range of 12 miles?
 - 1. 00011
 - 2. 01100
 - 3. 10010
 - 4. 11000
- 13-60. To indicate a range of 25 miles, the analog signal will be what number of (a) volts peak to peak while the digital quantity bit pattern will contain what (b) bit pattern?
 - 1. (a) 25 (b) 11001
 - 2. (a) 25 (b) 11100
 - 3. (a) 27 (b) 11001
 - 4. (a) 27 (b) 11100

- 13-61. The reference signal for an analog to digital conversion is normally equal to which of the following values?
 - 1. The average value of the analog signal
 - 2. The minimum value of the analog signal
 - 3. The maximum value of the analog signal
 - 4. The maximum value of the transmitted data
- 13-62. In which of the following conversion operations is the input analog signal tested repeatedly over a period of time?
 - 1. Encoding
 - 2. Sampling
 - 3. Decoding
 - 4. Quantization
- 13-63. Which of the following conversion operations reduces the result of the conversion to a binary code acceptable to digital equipments?
 - 1. Encoding
 - 2. Sampling
 - 3. Decoding
 - 4. Quantization
- 13-64. Which of the following conversion operations rounds out the conversion to the value of the LSB?
 - 1. Encoding
 - 2. Sampling
 - 3. Decoding
 - 4. Quantization
- 13-65. Which of the following conversion operations is performed only when a conversion is required?
 - 1. Encoding
 - 2. Sampling
 - 3. Decoding
 - 4. Quantization

- 13-66. In natural binary code, which of the following bit positions has the greatest weight or represents the largest value?
 - 1. BAM
 - 2. LSB
 - 3. MSB
- 13-67. Binary angular measurement uses what binary code?
 - 1. Natural binary code
 - 2. Hexadecimal
 - 3. Gray code
 - 4. BCD
- 13-68. BAM data words are designed to indicate what maximum number of degrees of angular measurement?
 - 1. 45
 - 2. 90
 - 3. 180
 - 4. 360
- 13-69. When only the MSB of a BAM word used to transmit anon-angular value is set, what is the quantity indicated?
 - 1. The minimum value that can be transmitted
 - 2. The maximum value that can be transmitted
 - 3. One half of the minimum value that can be transmitted
 - 4. One half of the maximum value that can be transmitted
- 13-70. Binary-coded decimal uses what total number of bit positions to represent a single decimal digit?
 - 1. One
 - 2. Two
 - 3. Eight
 - 4. Four

- 13-71. Which of the following binary codes is designed to change from one value to the next with only one bit change?
 - 1. Hexadecimal
 - 2. BCD
 - 3. Gray code
 - 4. Natural binary code
- 13-72. A torque system has which of the following characteristics?
 - 1. It provides a turning force to drive light loads
 - 2. It provides an electrical output used to control the power that performs mechanical work
 - 3. It is the combination of a synchro transmitter and Synchro receivers
 - 4. It is a variety of rotary, electromechanical, position sensing devices
- 13-73. A synchro system has which of the following characteristics ?
 - 1. It provides a turning force to drive light loads
 - 2. It provides an electrical output used to control the power that performs mechanical work
 - 3. It is the combination of a synchro transmitter and synchro receivers
 - 4. It is a variety of rotary, electromechanical, position sensing devices

- 13-74. Which of the following is the primary characteristic of a control synchro system?
 - 1. It provides a turning force to drive light loads
 - 2. It provides an electrical output used to control the power that performs mechanical work
 - 3. It is the combination of a synchro transmitter and synchro receivers
 - 4. It is a variety of rotary, electromechanical, position sensing devices
- 13-75. The term synchro has which of the following meanings?
 - 1. It provides a turning force to drive light loads
 - 2. It provides an electrical output used to control the power that performs mechanical work
 - 3. It is the combination of a synchro transmitter and synchro receivers
 - 4. It is a variety of rotary, electromechanical, position sensing devices